





## INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

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| <b>Class: VI</b>       | <b>Department: Social Science</b>   | <b>Sub: Civics</b>       |
| <b>Worksheet No: 7</b> | <b>Topic: In the Earliest Cities</b>  | <b>Year: 2023-24</b>     |
| <b>I</b>               | <b>Multiple Choice Questions: -</b>   |                          |
| 1                      | When did Harappan cities develop?<br>(a) <b>About 4,700 years ago</b> (b) About 3,900 years ago    (c) About 2,700 years ago<br>(d) About 1,400 years ago   |                          |
| 2                      | Which metal was used to make most of the things in the Harappan Civilization?<br>(a) Stone                      (b) Copper and gold                      (c) Silver                      (d) <b>All of these</b>  |                          |
| 3                      | The ships and boats are entering into the sea and river from this.<br>(a) Ports                      (b) <b>Dockyards</b> (c) None of these                      (d) Both (a) and (b)   |                          |
| <b>II</b>              | <b>Fill in the blanks: -</b>  |                          |
| 4                      | The city of <b>Dholavira</b> was located on Khadir Beyt in the Rann of Kutch.   |                          |
| 5                      | The Great Bath was made water tight with a layer of <b>natural tar</b> .  |                          |
| 6                      | <b>Scribes</b> were the people who knew how to write.   |                          |
| <b>III</b>             | <b>Match the following: -</b>   |                          |
| 7                      | Faience   | (a) used to make toys    |
| 8                      | Terracotta  | (b) Sabarmati            |
| 9                      | Kalibangan  | (c) used to make bangles |
|                        |   | (d) fire altars          |
|                        | <b>Answers: 7 - c ,8 - a ,9 - d</b>   |                          |
| <b>IV</b>              | <b>Answer the following in one sentence: -</b>  |                          |
| 10                     | What was the use of the plough?<br>❖ <b>The plough was used to dig the earth for turning the soil and planting seeds.</b>   |                          |
| 11                     | Who is a 'specialist'?<br>❖ <b>A specialist is the one who was trained to do one kind of work, e.g. cutting stone, polishing beads, or carving seals.</b>   |                          |
| 12                     | Define 'raw material'.<br>❖ <b>Raw materials are substances that are either found naturally or produced by farmers or herders.</b>  |                          |
| <b>V</b>               | <b>Answer the following questions: -</b>  |                          |
| 13                     | Write two main characteristics of houses in the Harappan city.<br>❖ <b>Generally, houses were either one or two storeys high with a single room built around a courtyard.</b><br>❖ <b>Most houses had a separate bathing area and some had wells to supply water.</b> |                          |
| 14                     | When and how the site of Harappa was first discovered?<br>❖ <b>Around a hundred and fifty years ago, when railway lines were being laid in Punjab.</b><br>❖ <b>Engineers stumbled upon the site of Harappa.</b>   |                          |
| 15                     | What was the pattern adopted in the use of bricks and why?<br>❖ <b>In the bricks, interlocking pattern was adopted.</b><br>❖ <b>As interlocking pattern made the walls strong.</b>  |                          |
| <b>VI</b>              | <b>Answer the following questions briefly: -</b>  |                          |

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| 16 | <p>Describe the drain-system of the Harappans.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ In cities related with the Harappan civilization, each drain had a gentle slope so that water could flow through it.</li> <li>❖ Very often, drains in houses were connected to those in streets and smaller drains led to bigger ones.</li> <li>❖ As the drains were covered, inspection holes were provided at intervals to clean them.</li> </ul> |
| 17 | <p>Describe the two parts of a typical Harappan city.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ A Harappan city was usually divided into two or more parts.</li> <li>❖ The part to the west was smaller but higher. It is called 'citadel'.</li> <li>❖ The part to the east was larger but-lower, so archaeologists call it the lower town.</li> </ul>   |
| VI | <p><b>Picture – Based Questions: -</b></p>  |
| 18 | <p>With reference to the given picture, answer the following question.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>  |
| a  | <p>Identify the above picture.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ <b>A Harappan seal.</b></li> </ul>  |
| b  | <p>What do the signs on the top of the seal indicate?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ <b>They are part of a script.</b></li> </ul>   |
| c  | <p>Who tried to read these signs?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ <b>Scholars</b></li> </ul>   |
| 19 | <div style="text-align: center;">  </div>   |
| a  | <p>Identify the above picture.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ <b>Beads</b></li> </ul>   |
| b  | <p>What do you understand about 'carnelian'?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ <b>Carnelian was a beautiful stone and used to make beads.</b></li> </ul>   |
| c  | <p>How were the beads connected?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>❖ <b>The beads were cut, shaped, polished and finally a hole was bored through it.</b></li> </ul>   |